

Encountering the Mongols WHAP!

China	Persia	Russia
Confucian China	Muslim Persia - abrupt invasion	Christian Russia
<p>China and Mongols (1209 – 1279)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -north: ruled by various nomadic dynasties, violent plunder -south: ruled by Song dynasty Mongols move to incorporate local -unity of China under Mongol = spread of Mongol idea that Mandate of Heaven, legitimized their conquest -plan to extract wealth had to accommodate Chinese culture, way of governing --used Chinese administrative styles --taxation, postal system --gave Chinese title “Yuan” --moved capital to Khanbalik (Beijing) --Khubilai Khan: Chinese style ruling --support of Confucianism, Dao and Buddhism 	<p>Persia and Mongols (1219 – 1221, 1251 – 1258)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -shock of Mongol success -took Baghdad and end Abbasid caliphate -damage of agriculture --nomadic Mongols and herds turned land from pasture to desert --no irrigation, wasteland -heavy taxes -Persian economy --increase in wine and silk --decrease in disaster and neglect 	<p>Russia and Mongols (1237 – 1240)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -independent princes divided, unable to defeat Mongols -survivors of slaughter deported/sold to slavery -Khanate of the Golden horde with Kipchak Khanate -no Mongol settlement (saw Russia as not worth occupying) --no established economy --not an major trade route --could dominate Russia from Steppes -exploitation of Russia --princes send tribute -Russian princes and orthodox church increased -adopted Mongol weapons, rituals, court, tax and military craft
<p>Limitations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Mongol ruling classes, elite remain past -ignore Chinese exams and gave officials to foreigners -discrimination of Chinese culture -Mongol women scandalized China -support merchants and artisans 	<p>Transformed Mongols</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -use of Persian government left to Persian hands -attempt to reconstruct damage under Ghazan -Mongols convert to Muslim farming -collapse of Mongol dynasty led to people assimilating into Persian culture 	
<p>End of Mongol Rule in China</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> --intense factionalism --rising prices --epidemics, plague --peasant rebellion -forced out, back to steppes -Ming Dynasty: memory of Mongols, renewal of Confucianism 		